

Diagnostic Value of Antibodies against ribosomal Protein P in SLE

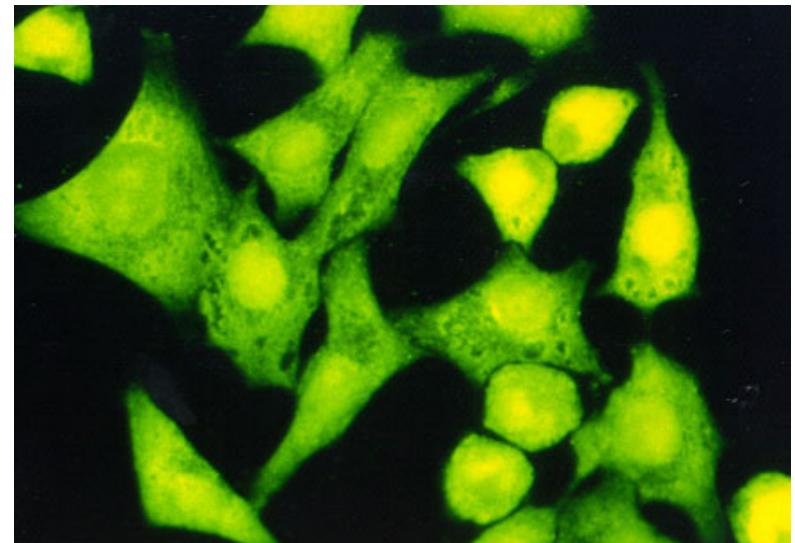
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Facts on antibodies against Rib-P

- very specific for SLE (up to 100 %)
- Prevalence varies between 3 and 40 %
- Correlate with disease activity and possibly with organ involvement (renal, hepatic, CNS)



German EASI Group

- Goal of European Autoimmunity Standardisation Initiative (EASI):
Standardization and improvement of diagnostic procedures in autoimmune diseases
- Objective of a prospective study of Rib-P antibodies: To evaluate the clinical usefulness of autoantibodies against ribosomal protein P (RibP) in patients with suspected SLE

Evaluation of the EliA RibP test system in diagnostics of SLE

- Inclusion of all the patients referred to our clinic due to the GPs suspicion of SLE
- At least one clinical criterion of the ACR criteria for the classification of SLE fulfilled

EliA RibP

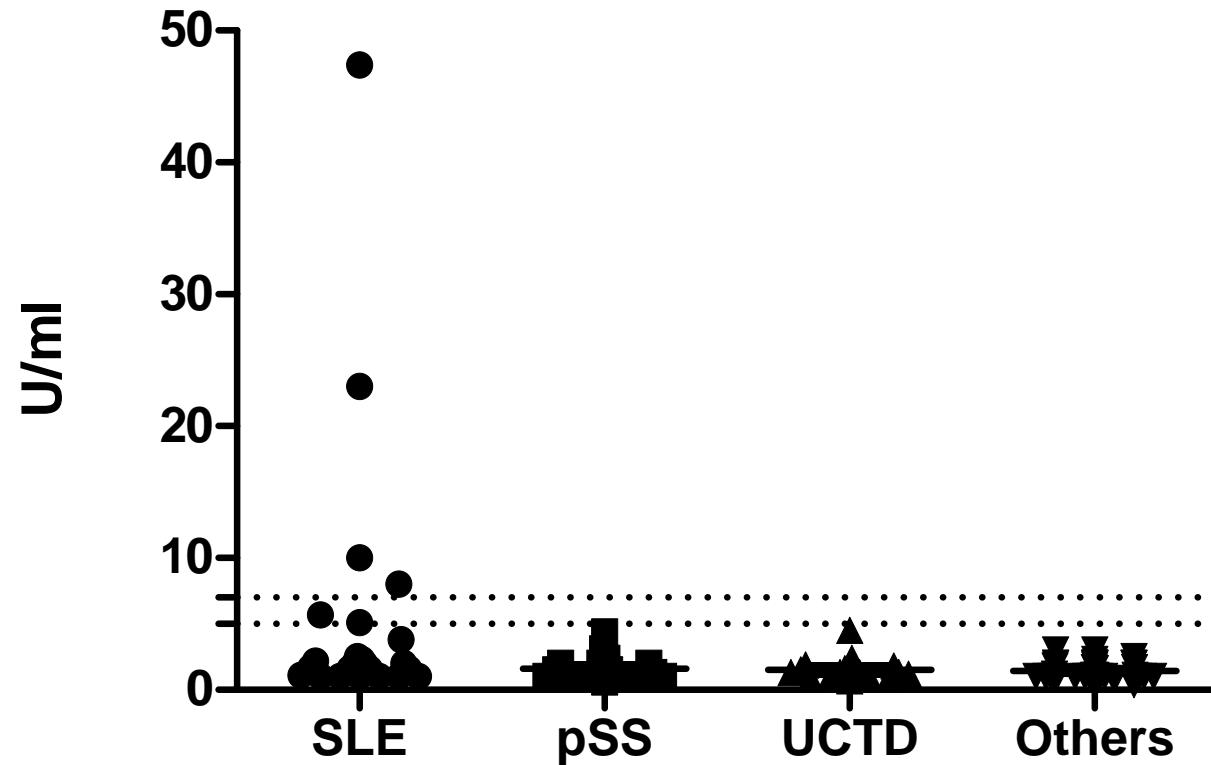
Further diagnostic procedures and diagnosis by rheumatologist, not knowing the result of the RibP test

Statistical evaluation by a second rheumatologist

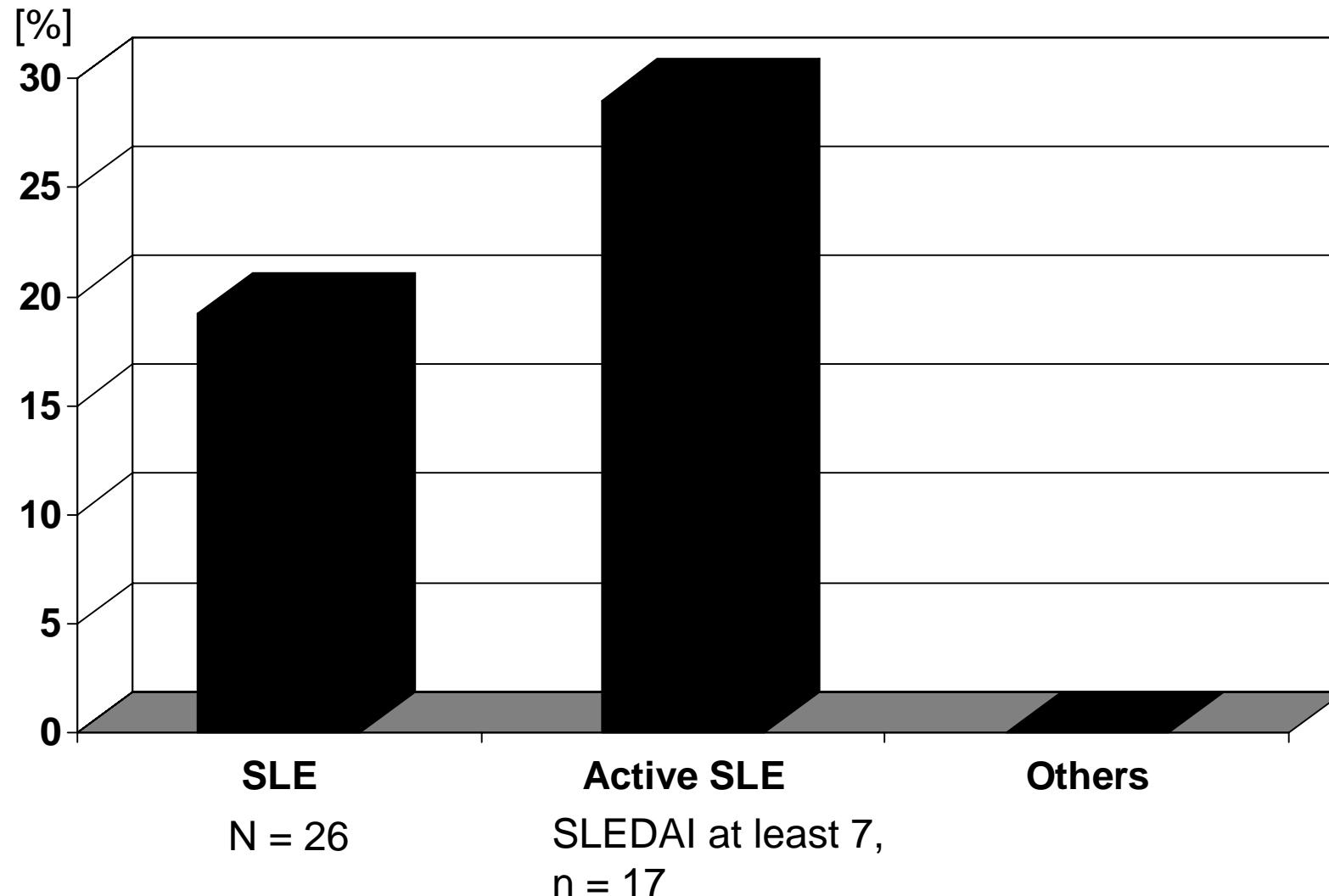
Details of the patients enrolled

- 99 patients, 86 female
- Average age 35 years
- Arthritis was the most common possible manifestation of SLE (60 %)
- Most common disease entities: SLE (26), Sjögren`s syndrome (18), UCTD (17).

Prevalence of Rib-P antibodies



Prevalence of Rib-P antibodies



Associations of Rib-P antibodies

	Rib-P+	Rib-P-
Antibodies against dsDNA (Farr assay)	4/5	10/21
Sm antibodies	1/5	2/21
Glomerulonephritis	2/5	2/21
Malar rash	1/5	5/21

Conclusions

- No new „hidden“ SLE case uncovered by RibP antibody test
- However, RibP antibodies are highly specific for SLE and more sensitive than antibodies against Sm

Thanks to:

Phadia GmbH for the support of the study